



$$I(J^P) = 0(0^-)$$

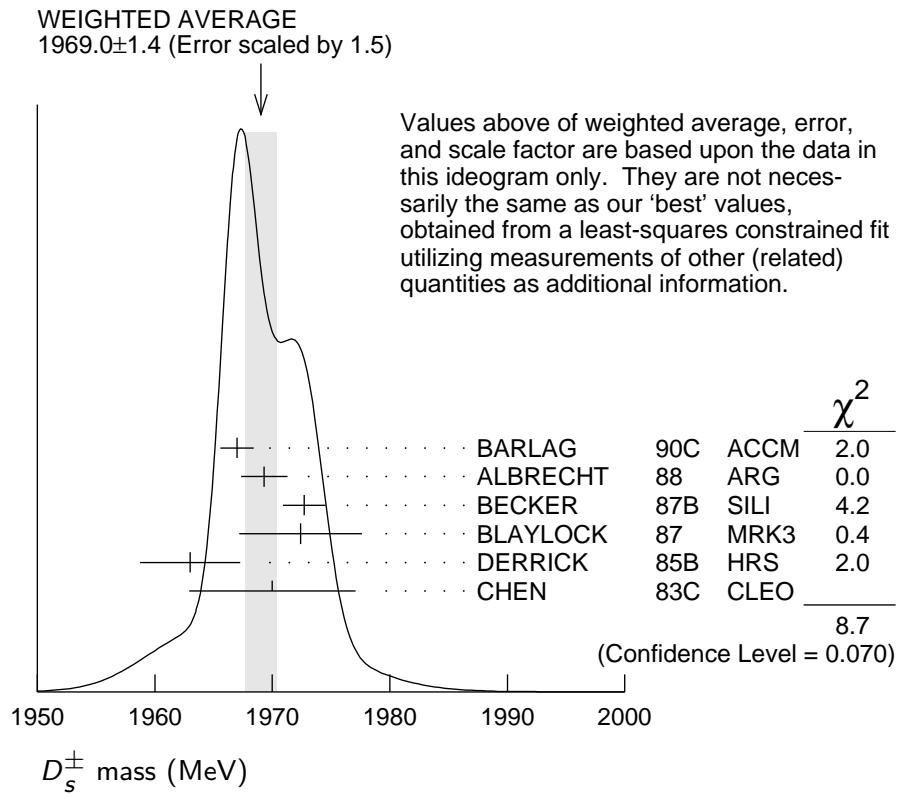
The angular distributions of the decays of the ϕ and $\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ in the $\phi\pi^+$ and $K^+\bar{K}^*(892)^0$ modes strongly indicate that the spin is zero. The parity given is that expected of a $c\bar{s}$ ground state.

D_s^{\pm} MASS

The fit includes D^\pm , D^0 , D_s^\pm , $D^{*\pm}$, D^{*0} , $D_s^{*\pm}$, $D_1(2420)^0$, $D_2^*(2460)^0$, and $D_{s1}(2536)^\pm$ mass and mass difference measurements. Measurements of the D_s^\pm mass with an error greater than 10 MeV are omitted from the fit and average. A number of early measurements have been omitted altogether.

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1968.34 ± 0.07 OUR FIT				
1969.0 ± 1.4 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.5. See the ideogram below.
1967.0 ± 1.0 ± 1.0	54	BARLAG	90C	ACCM π^- Cu 230 GeV
1969.3 ± 1.4 ± 1.4		ALBRECHT	88	ARG $e^+ e^-$ 9.4–10.6 GeV
1972.7 ± 1.5 ± 1.0	21	BECKER	87B	SILI 200 GeV π, K, p
1972.4 ± 3.7 ± 3.7	27	BLAYLOCK	87	MRK3 $e^+ e^-$ 4.14 GeV
1963 ± 3 ± 3	30	DERRICK	85B	HRS $e^+ e^-$ 29 GeV
1970 ± 5 ± 5	104	CHEN	83C	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ 10.5 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1968.3 ± 0.7 ± 0.7	290	¹ ANJOS	88	E691 Photoproduction
1980 ± 15	6	USHIDA	86	EMUL ν wideband
1973.6 ± 2.6 ± 3.0	163	ALBRECHT	85D	ARG $e^+ e^-$ 10 GeV
1948 ± 28 ± 10	65	AIHARA	84D	TPC $e^+ e^-$ 29 GeV
1975 ± 9 ± 10	49	ALTHOFF	84	TASS $e^+ e^-$ 14–25 GeV
1975 ± 4	3	BAILEY	84	ACCM hadron ⁺ Be → $\phi\pi^+ X$

¹ ANJOS 88 enters the fit via $m_{D_s^\pm} - m_{D^\pm}$ (see below).



$m_{D_s^\pm} - m_{D^\pm}$

The fit includes D^\pm , D^0 , D_s^\pm , $D^{*\pm}$, D^{*0} , $D_s^{*\pm}$, $D_1(2420)^0$, $D_2^{*}(2460)^0$, and $D_{s1}(2536)^\pm$ mass and mass difference measurements.

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
98.69±0.05 OUR FIT				
98.69±0.05 OUR AVERAGE				
98.68±0.03±0.04		AAIJ	13V LHCb	$D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+$
99.41±0.38±0.21		ACOSTA	03D CDF2	$\bar{p}p, \sqrt{s} = 1.96$ TeV
98.4 ± 0.1 ± 0.3	48k	AUBERT	02G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
99.5 ± 0.6 ± 0.3		BROWN	94 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
98.5 ± 1.5	555	CHEN	89 CLEO	$e^+ e^- 10.5$ GeV
99.0 ± 0.8	290	ANJOS	88 E691	Photoproduction

D_s^\pm MEAN LIFE

Measurements with an error greater than 100×10^{-15} s or with fewer than 100 events have been omitted from the Listings.

VALUE (10^{-15} s)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
504 ± 4 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.			
506.4± 3.0± 1.7±1.7		¹ AAIJ	17AN LHCb	$p\bar{p}$ at 7, 8 TeV
507.4± 5.5± 5.1	13.6k	LINK	05J FOCS	$\phi\pi^+$ and $\bar{K}^*0 K^+$
472.5±17.2± 6.6	760	IORI	01 SELX	600 GeV Σ^- , π^- , p

518	± 14	± 7	1662	AITALA	99	E791	π^- nucleus, 500 GeV
486.3	± 15.0	$+ 4.9$ $- 5.1$	2167	² BONVICINI	99	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
475	± 20	± 7	900	FRAZETTI	93F	E687	$\gamma Be, \phi\pi^+$
500	± 60	± 30	104	FRAZETTI	90	E687	$\gamma Be, \phi\pi^+$
470	± 40	± 20	228	RAAB	88	E691	Photoproduction

¹ This AAIJ 17AN value is derived from the difference between the D_s^- and D^- widths.

The 3rd uncertainty, $\pm 1.7 \times 10^{-15}$ s, arises from the uncertainty of the D^- width.

² BONVICINI 99 obtains 1.19 ± 0.04 for the ratio of D_s^+ to D^0 lifetimes.

D_s^+ DECAY MODES

Unless otherwise noted, the branching fractions for modes with a resonance in the final state include all the decay modes of the resonance. D_s^- modes are charge conjugates of the modes below.

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level
Inclusive modes		
Γ_1 e^+ semileptonic	[a] (6.5 ± 0.4) %	
Γ_2 π^+ anything	(119.3 ± 1.4) %	
Γ_3 π^- anything	(43.2 ± 0.9) %	
Γ_4 π^0 anything	(123 ± 7) %	
Γ_5 K^- anything	(18.7 ± 0.5) %	
Γ_6 K^+ anything	(28.9 ± 0.7) %	
Γ_7 K_S^0 anything	(19.0 ± 1.1) %	
Γ_8 η anything	[b] (29.9 ± 2.8) %	
Γ_9 ω anything	(6.1 ± 1.4) %	
Γ_{10} η' anything	[c] (10.3 ± 1.4) %	S=1.1
Γ_{11} $f_0(980)$ anything, $f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	< 1.3 %	CL=90%
Γ_{12} ϕ anything	(15.7 ± 1.0) %	
Γ_{13} $K^+ K^-$ anything	(15.8 ± 0.7) %	
Γ_{14} $K_S^0 K^+$ anything	(5.8 ± 0.5) %	
Γ_{15} $K_S^0 K^-$ anything	(1.9 ± 0.4) %	
Γ_{16} $2K_S^0$ anything	(1.70 ± 0.32) %	
Γ_{17} $2K^+$ anything	< 2.6 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{18} $2K^-$ anything	< 6 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Leptonic and semileptonic modes		
Γ_{19} $e^+ \nu_e$	< 8.3 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{20} $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$	(5.50 ± 0.23) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{21} $\tau^+ \nu_\tau$	(5.48 ± 0.23) %	
Γ_{22} $K^+ K^- e^+ \nu_e$	—	
Γ_{23} $\phi e^+ \nu_e$	[d] (2.39 ± 0.16) %	S=1.3
Γ_{24} $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	(1.9 ± 0.5) %	
Γ_{25} $\eta e^+ \nu_e + \eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e$	[d] (3.03 ± 0.24) %	

Γ_{26}	$\eta e^+ \nu_e$	[d] (2.29 ± 0.19) %
Γ_{27}	$\eta'(958) e^+ \nu_e$	[d] (7.4 ± 1.4) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{28}	$\eta \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	(2.4 ± 0.5) %
Γ_{29}	$\eta'(958) \mu^+ \nu_\mu$	(1.1 ± 0.5) %
Γ_{30}	$\omega e^+ \nu_e$	[e] < 2.0×10^{-3} CL=90%
Γ_{31}	$K^0 e^+ \nu_e$	(3.9 ± 0.9) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{32}	$K^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e$	[d] (1.8 ± 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{33}	$f_0(980) e^+ \nu_e, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	

Hadronic modes with a $K\bar{K}$ pair

Γ_{34}	$K^+ K_S^0$	(1.50 ± 0.05) %
Γ_{35}	$K^+ \bar{K}^0$	(2.95 ± 0.14) %
Γ_{36}	$K^+ K^- \pi^+$	[f] (5.45 ± 0.17) % S=1.2
Γ_{37}	$\phi \pi^+$	[d,g] (4.5 ± 0.4) %
Γ_{38}	$\phi \pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	[g] (2.27 ± 0.08) %
Γ_{39}	$K^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	(2.61 ± 0.09) %
Γ_{40}	$f_0(980) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	(1.15 ± 0.32) %
Γ_{41}	$f_0(1370) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	(7 ± 5) $\times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{42}	$f_0(1710) \pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	(6.7 ± 2.9) $\times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{43}	$K^+ \bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0, \bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$	(1.9 ± 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{44}	$K^+ K_S^0 \pi^0$	(1.52 ± 0.22) %
Γ_{45}	$2K_S^0 \pi^+$	(7.7 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{46}	$K^0 \bar{K}^0 \pi^+$	—
Γ_{47}	$K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^0$	[d] (5.4 ± 1.2) %
Γ_{48}	$K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^0$	(6.3 ± 0.6) %
Γ_{49}	$\phi \rho^+$	[d] ($8.4 \begin{array}{l} +1.9 \\ -2.3 \end{array}$) %
Γ_{50}	$K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+$	(1.68 ± 0.10) %
Γ_{51}	$K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0$	[d] (7.2 ± 2.6) %
Γ_{52}	$K^+ K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	(1.00 ± 0.08) %
Γ_{53}	$K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	(8.7 ± 1.5) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{54}	$\phi 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	[d] (1.21 ± 0.16) %
Γ_{55}	$K^+ K^- \rho^0 \pi^+ \text{non-}\phi$	< 2.6×10^{-4} CL=90%
Γ_{56}	$\phi \rho^0 \pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	(6.5 ± 1.3) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{57}	$\phi a_1(1260)^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-, a_1^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 \pi^+$	(7.5 ± 1.2) $\times 10^{-3}$
Γ_{58}	$K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- \text{nonresonant}$	(9 ± 7) $\times 10^{-4}$
Γ_{59}	$2K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	(9 ± 4) $\times 10^{-4}$

Hadronic modes without K 's

Γ_{60}	$\pi^+ \pi^0$	$< 3.5 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{61}	$2\pi^+ \pi^-$	(1.09 ± 0.05) %	S=1.1
Γ_{62}	$\rho^0 \pi^+$	(2.0 ± 1.2) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{63}	$\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)_{S-\text{wave}}$	[h] (9.1 ± 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{64}	$f_0(980)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$		
Γ_{65}	$f_0(1370)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$		
Γ_{66}	$f_0(1500)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$		
Γ_{67}	$f_2(1270)\pi^+, f_2 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	(1.10 ± 0.20) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{68}	$\rho(1450)^0 \pi^+, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	(3.0 ± 2.0) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{69}	$\pi^+ 2\pi^0$	(6.5 ± 1.3) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{70}	$2\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	—	
Γ_{71}	$\eta \pi^+$	[d] (1.70 ± 0.09) %	S=1.1
Γ_{72}	$\omega \pi^+$	[d] (2.4 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{73}	$3\pi^+ 2\pi^-$	(8.0 ± 0.8) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{74}	$2\pi^+ \pi^- 2\pi^0$	—	
Γ_{75}	$\eta \rho^+$	[d] (8.9 ± 0.8) %	
Γ_{76}	$\eta \pi^+ \pi^0$	(9.2 ± 1.2) %	
Γ_{77}	$\omega \pi^+ \pi^0$	[d] (2.8 ± 0.7) %	
Γ_{78}	$3\pi^+ 2\pi^- \pi^0$	(4.9 ± 3.2) %	
Γ_{79}	$\omega 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	[d] (1.6 ± 0.5) %	
Γ_{80}	$\eta'(958)\pi^+$	[c,d] (3.94 ± 0.25) %	
Γ_{81}	$3\pi^+ 2\pi^- 2\pi^0$	—	
Γ_{82}	$\omega \eta \pi^+$	[d] < 2.13 %	CL=90%
Γ_{83}	$\eta'(958)\rho^+$	[c,d] (5.8 ± 1.5) %	
Γ_{84}	$\eta'(958)\pi^+ \pi^0$	(5.6 ± 0.8) %	
Γ_{85}	$\eta'(958)\pi^+ \pi^0$ nonresonant	< 5.1 %	CL=90%

Modes with one or three K 's

Γ_{86}	$K^+ \pi^0$	(6.3 ± 2.1) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{87}	$K_S^0 \pi^+$	(1.22 ± 0.06) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{88}	$K^+ \eta$	[d] (1.77 ± 0.35) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{89}	$K^+ \omega$	[d] $< 2.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{90}	$K^+ \eta'(958)$	[d] (1.8 ± 0.6) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{91}	$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	(6.6 ± 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{92}	$K^+ \rho^0$	(2.5 ± 0.4) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{93}	$K^+ \rho(1450)^0, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$	(7.0 ± 2.4) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{94}	$K^*(892)^0 \pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	(1.42 ± 0.24) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{95}	$K^*(1410)^0 \pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow$ $K^+ \pi^-$	(1.24 ± 0.29) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{96}	$K^*(1430)^0 \pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow$ $K^+ \pi^-$	(5.0 ± 3.5) $\times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{97}	$K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ nonresonant	(1.04 ± 0.34) $\times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{98}	$K^0 \pi^+ \pi^0$	(1.00 ± 0.18) %	

Γ_{99}	$K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-$	$(3.0 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{100}	$K^+ \omega \pi^0$	$[d] < 8.2 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{101}	$K^+ \omega \pi^+ \pi^-$	$[d] < 5.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{102}	$K^+ \omega \eta$	$[d] < 7.9 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{103}	$2K^+ K^-$	$(2.18 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{104}	$\phi K^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-$	$(8.9 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-5}$	

Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes

Γ_{105}	$2K^+ \pi^-$	$(1.27 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{106}	$K^+ K^*(892)^0, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+ \pi^-$	$(6.0 \pm 3.4) \times 10^{-5}$	

Baryon-antibaryon mode

Γ_{107}	$p\bar{n}$	$(1.22 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-3}$	
----------------	------------	----------------------------------	--

$\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current (C1) modes, Lepton family number (LF), or Lepton number (L) violating modes

Γ_{108}	$\pi^+ e^+ e^-$	$[i] < 1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{109}	$\pi^+ \phi, \phi \rightarrow e^+ e^-$	$[j] (6 \begin{array}{l} +8 \\ -4 \end{array}) \times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{110}	$\pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	$[i] < 4.1 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{111}	$K^+ e^+ e^-$	$C1 < 3.7 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{112}	$K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	$C1 < 2.1 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{113}	$K^*(892)^+ \mu^+ \mu^-$	$C1 < 1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
Γ_{114}	$\pi^+ e^+ \mu^-$	$LF < 1.2 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{115}	$\pi^+ e^- \mu^+$	$LF < 2.0 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{116}	$K^+ e^+ \mu^-$	$LF < 1.4 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{117}	$K^+ e^- \mu^+$	$LF < 9.7 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{118}	$\pi^- 2e^+$	$L < 4.1 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{119}	$\pi^- 2\mu^+$	$L < 1.2 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{120}	$\pi^- e^+ \mu^+$	$L < 8.4 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{121}	$K^- 2e^+$	$L < 5.2 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{122}	$K^- 2\mu^+$	$L < 1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{123}	$K^- e^+ \mu^+$	$L < 6.1 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{124}	$K^*(892)^- 2\mu^+$	$L < 1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%

[a] This is the purely e^+ semileptonic branching fraction: the e^+ fraction from τ^+ decays has been subtracted off. The sum of our (non- τ) e^+ exclusive fractions — an $e^+ \nu_e$ with an η, η', ϕ, K^0 , or K^{*0} — is $5.99 \pm 0.31\%$.

[b] This fraction includes η from η' decays.

[c] The sum of our exclusive η' fractions — $\eta' e^+ \nu_e, \eta' \mu^+ \nu_\mu, \eta' \pi^+, \eta' \rho^+$, and $\eta' K^+$ — is $11.8 \pm 1.6\%$.

- [d] This branching fraction includes all the decay modes of the final-state resonance.
 - [e] A test for $u\bar{u}$ or $d\bar{d}$ content in the D_s^+ . Neither Cabibbo-favored nor Cabibbo-suppressed decays can contribute, and $\omega-\phi$ mixing is an unlikely explanation for any fraction above about 2×10^{-4} .
 - [f] The branching fraction for this mode may differ from the sum of the submodes that contribute to it, due to interference effects. See the relevant papers.
 - [g] We decouple the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$ branching fraction obtained from mass projections (and used to get some of the other branching fractions) from the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$, $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ branching fraction obtained from the Dalitz-plot analysis of $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+$. That is, the ratio of these two branching fractions is not exactly the $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ branching fraction 0.491.
 - [h] This is the average of a model-independent and a K -matrix parametrization of the $\pi^+\pi^-$ S -wave and is a sum over several f_0 mesons.
 - [i] This mode is not a useful test for a $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.
 - [j] This is *not* a test for the $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current, but leads to the $\pi^+\ell^+\ell^-$ final state.
-

CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to 13 branching ratios uses 16 measurements and one constraint to determine 10 parameters. The overall fit has a $\chi^2 = 4.8$ for 7 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \cdot \delta x_j)$, in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions, $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$. The fit constrains the x_i whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

x_{36}	55							
x_{48}	15	27						
x_{50}	36	33	10					
x_{52}	24	26	9	38				
x_{61}	36	55	16	21	18			
x_{71}	16	0	-3	10	2	-1		
x_{72}	2	0	0	1	0	0	11	
x_{91}	21	19	3	13	7	10	12	1
	x_{34}	x_{36}	x_{48}	x_{50}	x_{52}	x_{61}	x_{71}	x_{72}

See the related review(s):

 D_s^+ Branching Fractions D_s^+ BRANCHING RATIOS

A number of older, now obsolete results have been omitted. They may be found in earlier editions.

Inclusive modes

 $\Gamma(e^+ \text{ semileptonic})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_1/Γ

This is the purely e^+ semileptonic branching fraction: the e^+ fraction from τ^+ decays has been subtracted off. The sum of our (non- τ) e^+ exclusive fractions — an $e^+ \nu_e$ with an η , η' , ϕ , K^0 , or K^{*0} — is 5.99 ± 0.31 %.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
6.52±0.39±0.15	536 ± 29	¹ ASNER	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 3774 MeV

¹ Using the D_s^+ and D^0 lifetimes, ASNER 10 finds that the ratio of the D_s^+ and D^0 semileptonic widths is $0.828 \pm 0.051 \pm 0.025$.

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_2/Γ

Events with two π^+ 's count twice, etc. But π^+ 's from $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ are not included.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
119.3±1.2±0.7	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_3/Γ

Events with two π^- 's count twice, etc. But π^- 's from $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ are not included.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
43.2±0.9±0.3	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^0 \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_4/Γ

Events with two π^0 's count twice, etc. But π^0 's from $K_S^0 \rightarrow 2\pi^0$ are not included.

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
123.4±3.8±5.3	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(K^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_5/Γ

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
18.7±0.5±0.2	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(K^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_6/Γ

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
28.9±0.6±0.3	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_7/Γ

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
19.0±1.0±0.4	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(\eta \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_8/Γ This ratio includes η particles from η' decays.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
29.9±2.2±1.7		DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
23.5±3.1±2.0	674 ± 91	HUANG	06B	CLEO See DOBBS 09

 $\Gamma(\omega \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_9/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
6.1±1.4±0.3	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(\eta' \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{10}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
10.3±1.4 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.			
8.8±1.8±0.5	68	ABLIKIM	15z	BES3 482 pb^{-1} , 4009 MeV	
11.7±1.7±0.7		DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV	
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$					
8.7±1.9±0.8	68	HUANG	06B	CLEO See DOBBS 09	

 $\Gamma(f_0(980) \text{ anything}, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{11}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<1.3	90	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(\phi \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{12}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
15.7±0.8±0.6		DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
16.1±1.2±1.1	398 ± 27	HUANG	06B	CLEO See DOBBS 09

 $\Gamma(K^+ K^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{13}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
15.8±0.6±0.3	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{14}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
5.8±0.5±0.1	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{15}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.9±0.4±0.1	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(2K_S^0 \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{16}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.7±0.3±0.1	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(2K^+ \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{17}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.26	90	DOBBS	09	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(2K^- \text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{18}/Γ			
VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.06	90	DOBBS 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

———— Leptonic and semileptonic modes ——

See the related review(s):
 Leptonic Decays of Charged Pseudoscalar Mesons

$\Gamma(e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{19}/Γ			
VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.83 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	1 ZUPANC 13	BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<2.3 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	DEL-AMO-SA..10J	BABR	$e^+ e^-$, 10.58 GeV
<1.2 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	ALEXANDER 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
<1.3 × 10 ⁻⁴	90	PEDLAR 07A	CLEO	See ALEXANDER 09

¹ ZUPANC 13 also gives the limit as $< 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$ at 95% CL.

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_{20}/Γ			
VALUE (units 10 ⁻³)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5.50±0.23 OUR AVERAGE				
4.95±0.67±0.26	69	1 ABLIKIM 160	BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.009 GeV
5.31±0.28±0.20	492 ± 26	2 ZUPANC 13	BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at $\Upsilon(4S), \Upsilon(5S)$
6.02±0.38±0.34	275 ± 17	3 DEL-AMO-SA..10J	BABR	$e^+ e^-$, 10.58 GeV
5.65±0.45±0.17	235 ± 14	ALEXANDER 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
6.44±0.76±0.57	169 ± 18	4 WIDHALM 08	BELL	See ZUPANC 13
5.94±0.66±0.31	88	5 PEDLAR 07A	CLEO	See ALEXANDER 09
6.8 ± 1.1 ± 1.8	553	6 HEISTER 02I	ALEP	Z decays

¹ ABLIKIM 160 value is constrained by the Standard Model ratio of $\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu) = 9.76$; the unconstrained value is $(0.517 \pm 0.075 \pm 0.021)\%$. The constrained value is used to obtain the decay constant, $f_{D_s^+} = (241.0 \pm 16.3 \pm 6.6)$ MeV.

² ZUPANC 13 uses both $\mu^+ \nu$ and $\tau^+ \nu$ events to get $f_{D_s} = (255.5 \pm 4.2 \pm 5.1)$ MeV.

³ DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 10J uses $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ and $\tau^+ \nu_\tau$ events together to get $f_{D_s} = (258.6 \pm 6.4 \pm 7.5)$ MeV.

⁴ WIDHALM 08 gets $f_{D_s} = (275 \pm 16 \pm 12)$ MeV from the branching fraction.

⁵ PEDLAR 07A also fits μ^+ and τ^+ events together and gets an effective $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ branching fraction of $(6.38 \pm 0.59 \pm 0.33) \times 10^{-3}$

⁶ This HEISTER 02I result is not actually an independent measurement of the absolute $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ branching fraction, but is in fact based on our $\phi \pi^+$ branching fraction of $3.6 \pm 0.9\%$, so it cannot be included in our overall fit. HEISTER 02I combines its $D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau$ and $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ branching fractions to get $f_{D_s} = (285 \pm 19 \pm 40)$ MeV.

$\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(\phi \pi^+)$ Γ_{20}/Γ_{37}

See the note on "Decay Constants of Charged Pseudoscalar Mesons" above.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.143 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.006	489 \pm 55	¹ AUBERT	07V BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
0.23 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.04	18	² ALEXANDROV	00 BEAT	π^- nucleus, 350 GeV
0.173 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.035	182	³ CHADHA	98 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
0.245 \pm 0.052 \pm 0.074	39	⁴ ACOSTA	94 CLE2	See CHADHA 98

¹ AUBERT 07V gets $f_{D_s^+} = (283 \pm 17 \pm 16)$ MeV, using $\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+)/\Gamma(\text{total}) = (4.71 \pm 0.46)\%$.

² ALEXANDROV 00 uses $f_D^2/f_{D_s}^2 = 0.82 \pm 0.09$ from a lattice-gauge-theory calculation to get the relative numbers of $D^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ and $D_s^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ events. The present result leads to $f_{D_s^+} = (323 \pm 44 \pm 36)$ MeV.

³ CHADHA 98 obtains $f_{D_s^+} = (280 \pm 19 \pm 28 \pm 34)$ MeV from this measurement, using $\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+)/\Gamma(\text{total}) = 0.036 \pm 0.009$.

⁴ ACOSTA 94 obtains $f_{D_s^+} = (344 \pm 37 \pm 52 \pm 42)$ MeV from this measurement, using $\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \pi^+)/\Gamma(\text{total}) = 0.037 \pm 0.009$.

 $\Gamma(\tau^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{21}/Γ

See the note on "Decay Constants of Charged Pseudoscalar Mesons" above.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
5.48 \pm 0.23 OUR AVERAGE				
4.83 \pm 0.65 \pm 0.26	33	¹ ABLIKIM	160 BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.009 GeV
5.70 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.31	2.2k	² ZUPANC	13 BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S)$, $\gamma(5S)$
4.96 \pm 0.37 \pm 0.57	748 \pm 53	³ DEL-AMO-SA..10J	BABR	$e^- \bar{\nu}_e \nu_\tau, \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu \nu_\tau$
6.42 \pm 0.81 \pm 0.18	126 \pm 16	⁴ ALEXANDER	09 CLEO	$\tau^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$
5.52 \pm 0.57 \pm 0.21	155 \pm 17	⁴ NAIK	09A CLEO	$\tau^+ \rightarrow \rho^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$
5.30 \pm 0.47 \pm 0.22	181 \pm 16	⁴ ONYISI	09 CLEO	$\tau^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\tau$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
6.17 \pm 0.71 \pm 0.34	102	⁵ ECKLUND	08 CLEO	See ONYISI 09
8.0 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.4	47	⁵ PEDLAR	07A CLEO	See ALEXANDER 09
5.79 \pm 0.77 \pm 1.84	881	⁶ HEISTER	02I ALEP	Z decays
7.0 \pm 2.1 \pm 2.0	22	⁷ ABBIENDI	01L OPAL	$D_s^{*+} \rightarrow \gamma D_s^+$ from Z 's
7.4 \pm 2.8 \pm 2.4	16	⁸ ACCIARRI	97F L3	$D_s^{*+} \rightarrow \gamma D_s^+$ from Z 's

¹ ABLIKIM 160 value is constrained by the Standard Model ratio of $\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu) = 9.76$; the unconstrained value is $(3.28 \pm 1.83 \pm 0.37)\%$.

² ZUPANC 13 uses both $\mu^+ \nu$ and $\tau^+ \nu$ events to get $f_{D_s^+} = (255.5 \pm 4.2 \pm 5.1)$ MeV.

³ DEL-AMO-SANCHEZ 10J (with a small correction; see LEES 15D) uses $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ and $\tau^+ \nu_\tau$ events together to get $f_{D_s^+} = (259.9 \pm 6.6 \pm 7.6)$ MeV.

⁴ ALEXANDER 09, NAIK 09A, and ONYISI 09 use different τ decay modes and are independent. The three papers combined give $f_{D_s^+} = (259.7 \pm 7.8 \pm 3.4)$ MeV.

⁵ ECKLUND 08 and PEDLAR 07A are independent: ECKLUND 08 uses $\tau^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e \bar{\nu}_\tau$ events, PEDLAR 07A uses $\tau^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \bar{\nu}_\tau$ events.

⁶ HEISTER 02I combines its $D_s^+ \rightarrow \tau^+ \nu_\tau$ and $\mu^+ \nu_\mu$ branching fractions to get $f_{D_s} = (285 \pm 19 \pm 40)$ MeV.

⁷ This ABBIENDI 01L value gives a decay constant f_{D_s} of $(286 \pm 44 \pm 41)$ MeV.

⁸ The second ACCIARRI 97F error here combines in quadrature systematic (0.016) and normalization (0.018) errors. The branching fraction gives $f_{D_s} = (309 \pm 58 \pm 33 \pm 38)$ MeV.

$\Gamma(\tau^+ \nu_\tau)/\Gamma(\mu^+ \nu_\mu)$

Γ_{21}/Γ_{20}

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$10.73 \pm 0.69^{+0.56}_{-0.53}$	2.2k/492	¹ ZUPANC	13	BELL $e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S), \gamma(5S)$
$11.0 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.6$	102	² ECKLUND	08	CLEO See ONYISI 09

¹ This ZUPANC 13 ratio is not independent of the separate $\tau\nu$ and $\mu\nu$ fractions listed above.

² This ECKLUND 08 value also uses results from PEDLAR 07A, and it is not independent of other results in these Listings. Combined with earlier CLEO results, the decay constant f_{D_s} is $274 \pm 10 \pm 5$ MeV.

$\Gamma(K^+ K^- e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)$

Γ_{22}/Γ_{36}

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$0.558 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.016$		¹ AUBERT	08AN BABR	$e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S)$

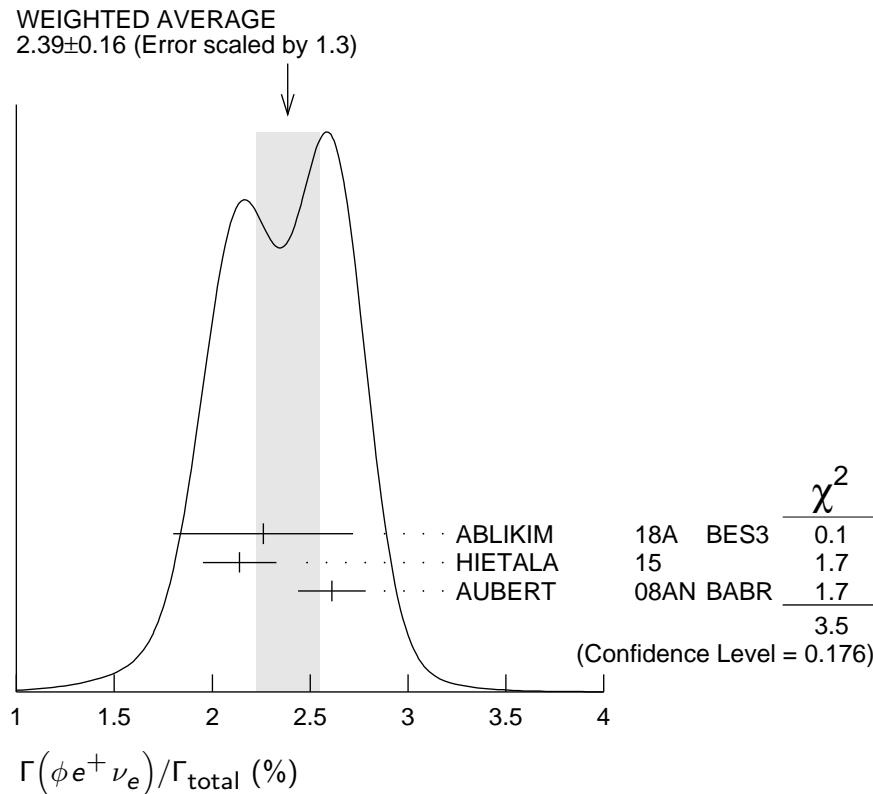
¹ This AUBERT 08AN ratio is only for the $K^+ K^-$ mass in the range 1.01-to-1.03 GeV in the numerator and 1.0095-to-1.0295 GeV in the denominator.

$\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{23}/Γ

See the end of the D_s^+ Listings for measurements of $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi e^+ \nu_e$ form factors. Unseen decay modes of the ϕ are included.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.39 \pm 0.16 OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.3. See the ideogram below.
$2.26 \pm 0.45 \pm 0.09$	26	ABLIKIM	18A BES3	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.009 GeV
$2.14 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.08$	207	HIETALA	15	Uses CLEO data
$2.61 \pm 0.03 \pm 0.17$	25k	AUBERT	08AN BABR	$e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$2.36 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.13$	106	ECKLUND	09	CLEO See HIETALA 15
$2.29 \pm 0.37 \pm 0.11$	45	YELTON	09	CLEO See ECKLUND 09



$\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{23}/Γ_{37}

As noted in the comment column, most of these measurements use $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$ events in addition to or instead of $\phi e^+ \nu_e$ events.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.540 ± 0.033 ± 0.048	793	LINK	02J	FOCS Uses $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
0.54 ± 0.05 ± 0.04	367	BUTLER	94	CLE2 Uses $\phi e^+ \nu_e$ and $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
0.58 ± 0.17 ± 0.07	97	FRAEBETTI	93G	E687 Uses $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
0.57 ± 0.15 ± 0.15	104	ALBRECHT	91	ARG Uses $\phi e^+ \nu_e$
0.49 ± 0.10 ± 0.14	54	ALEXANDER	90B	CLEO Uses $\phi e^+ \nu_e$ and $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

$\Gamma(\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{24}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.94 ± 0.53 ± 0.09	22	ABLIKIM	18A	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 4.009 GeV

$\Gamma(\eta e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{26}/Γ

Unseen decay modes of the η are included.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.29 ± 0.19 OUR AVERAGE				
2.30 ± 0.31 ± 0.08	63	ABLIKIM	16T	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 4.009 GeV
2.28 ± 0.14 ± 0.19	358	HIETALA	15	Uses CLEO data
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
2.48 ± 0.29 ± 0.13	82	YELTON	09	CLEO See HIETALA 15

$\Gamma(\eta e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)$ Γ_{26}/Γ_{23}

Unseen decay modes of the η and the ϕ are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$1.24 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.15$	440	¹ BRANDENB... 95	CLE2	See HIETALA 15

¹ BRANDENBURG 95 uses both e^+ and μ^+ events and makes a phase-space adjustment to use the μ^+ events as e^+ events.

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{27}/Γ

Unseen decay modes of the $\eta'(958)$ are included.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.74 ± 0.14 OUR AVERAGE				
$0.93 \pm 0.30 \pm 0.05$	14	ABLIKIM	16T	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 4009 MeV
$0.68 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.06$	20	HIETALA	15	Uses CLEO data
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$0.91 \pm 0.33 \pm 0.05$	7.5	YELTON	09	CLEO See HIETALA 15

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)$ Γ_{27}/Γ_{23}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$0.43 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.07$	29	¹ BRANDENB... 95	CLE2	See HIETALA 15
¹ BRANDENBURG 95 uses both e^+ and μ^+ events and makes a phase-space adjustment to use the μ^+ events as e^+ events.				

$[\Gamma(\eta e^+ \nu_e) + \Gamma(\eta'(958)e^+ \nu_e)]/\Gamma(\phi e^+ \nu_e)$ $\Gamma_{25}/\Gamma_{23} = (\Gamma_{26} + \Gamma_{27})/\Gamma_{23}$

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$1.67 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.17$	¹ BRANDENB... 95	CLE2	See HIETALA 15

¹ This BRANDENBURG 95 data is redundant with data in previous blocks.

$\Gamma(\eta \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{28}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$2.42 \pm 0.46 \pm 0.11$	44	ABLIKIM	18A	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 4.009 GeV

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{29}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.06 \pm 0.54 \pm 0.07$	10	ABLIKIM	18A	BES3 $e^+ e^-$ at 4.009 GeV

$\Gamma(\omega e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{30}/Γ

A test for $u\bar{u}$ or $d\bar{d}$ content in the D_s^+ . Neither Cabibbo-favored nor Cabibbo-suppressed decays can contribute, and $\omega - \phi$ mixing is an unlikely explanation for any fraction above about 2×10^{-4} .

VALUE (%)	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.20	90	MARTIN	11	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{31}/Γ
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
0.39±0.08±0.03	42	HIETALA	15	Uses CLEO data	
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$					
0.37±0.10±0.02	14	YELTON	09	CLEO	See HIETALA 15

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 e^+ \nu_e)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{32}/Γ
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
0.18±0.04±0.01	32	HIETALA	15	Uses CLEO data	
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$					
0.18±0.07±0.01	7.5	YELTON	09	CLEO	See HIETALA 15

$\Gamma(f_0(980)e^+ \nu_e, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{33}/Γ
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$					
0.13±0.03±0.01	42	¹ HIETALA	15	Uses CLEO data	
0.20±0.03±0.01	44	ECKLUND	09	CLEO	See HIETALA 15
0.13±0.04±0.01	13	YELTON	09	CLEO	See ECKLUND 09

¹ HIETALA 15 uses a tighter cut on the reconstructed $\pi^+ \pi^-$ mass (± 60 MeV around the f_0^0) than ECKLUND 09. It finds that applying the same tight cut to both analyses gives consistent results.

———— Hadronic modes with a $K\bar{K}$ pair ——

$\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{34}/Γ
VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT		
1.50±0.05 OUR FIT					
1.52±0.05±0.03	ONYISI	13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV	
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$					
1.49±0.07±0.05	¹ ALEXANDER	08	CLEO	See ONYISI 13	

¹ ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.

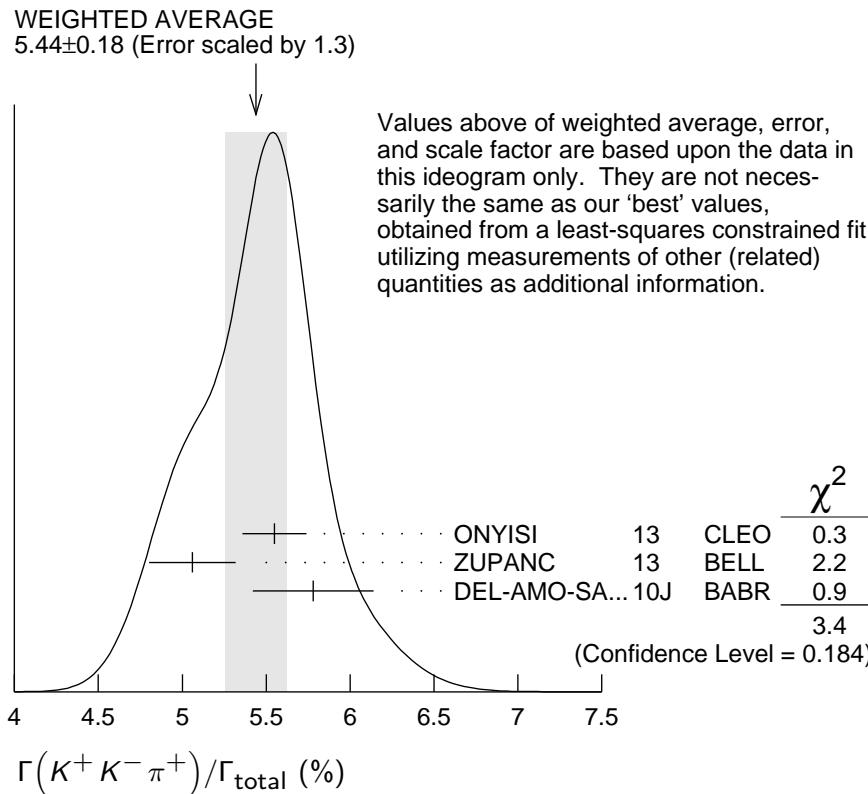
$\Gamma(K^+ \bar{K}^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{35}/Γ
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
2.95±0.11±0.09	2.0k	¹ ZUPANC	13	BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S), \gamma(5S)$
¹ ZUPANC 13 finds the \bar{K}^0 from its missing-mass squared, not from $K_S^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$.					
The DCS ($D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+ K^0$) contribution to this fraction is estimated to be an order of magnitude below the statistical uncertainty.					

$\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{36}/Γ
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
5.45±0.17 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.2.					
5.44±0.18 OUR AVERAGE Error includes scale factor of 1.3. See the ideogram below.					
5.55±0.14±0.13	ONYISI	13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV	
5.06±0.15±0.21	4.1k	ZUPANC	13	BELL	$e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S), \gamma(5S)$
5.78±0.20±0.30		DEL-AMO-SA..10J	BABR	$e^+ e^-$, 10.58 GeV	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$5.50 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.16$ ¹ ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13

¹ ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.



$\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{37}/Γ

The results here are model-independent. For earlier, model-dependent results, see our PDG 06 edition. We decouple the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$ branching fraction obtained from mass projections (and used to get some of the other branching fractions) from the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$, $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ branching fraction obtained from the Dalitz-plot analysis of $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+$. That is, the ratio of these two branching fractions is not exactly the $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ branching fraction 0.491.

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.5 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE				
$4.62 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.51$		¹ AUBERT	06N BABR	e^+e^- at $\Upsilon(4S)$
$4.81 \pm 0.52 \pm 0.38$	212 ± 19	² AUBERT	05V BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
$3.59 \pm 0.77 \pm 0.48$		³ ARTUSO	96 CLE2	e^+e^- at $\Upsilon(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$3.9 \begin{array}{l} +5.1 \\ -1.9 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} +1.8 \\ -1.1 \end{array}$		⁴ BAI	95C BES	e^+e^- 4.03 GeV

¹ This AUBERT 06N measurement uses $\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} D_s^{(*)+}$ and $B^- \rightarrow D_s^{(*)-} D_s^{(*)0}$ decays, including some from other papers. However, the result is independent of AUBERT 05V.

² AUBERT 05V uses the ratio of $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} D_s^{*+}$ events seen in two different ways, in both of which the $D^{*-} \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \pi^-$ decay is fully reconstructed: (1) The $D_s^{*+} \rightarrow D_s^+ \gamma$,

$D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$ decay is fully reconstructed. (2) The number of events in the D_s^+ peak in the missing mass spectrum against the $D^{*-}\gamma$ is measured.

³ ARTUSO 96 uses partially reconstructed $\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow D^{*+}D_s^{*-}$ decays to get a model-independent value for $\Gamma(D_s^- \rightarrow \phi\pi^-)/\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+)$ of $0.92 \pm 0.20 \pm 0.11$.

⁴ BAI 95C uses $e^+e^- \rightarrow D_s^+D_s^-$ events in which one or both of the D_s^\pm are observed to obtain the first model-independent measurement of the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$ branching fraction, without assumptions about $\sigma(D_s^\pm)$. However, with only two “doubly-tagged” events, the statistical error is very large.

$\Gamma(\phi\pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+K^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$

Γ_{38}/Γ_{36}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. We decouple the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+$ branching fraction obtained from mass projections (and used to get some of the other branching fractions) from the $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi\pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ branching fraction obtained from the Dalitz-plot analysis of $D_s^+ \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+$. That is, the ratio of these two branching fractions is not exactly the $\phi \rightarrow K^+K^-$ branching fraction 0.491.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
41.6±0.8 OUR AVERAGE			
$41.4 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.5$	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, $96k \pm 369$ evts
$42.2 \pm 1.6 \pm 0.3$	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$39.6 \pm 3.3 \pm 4.7$	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

$\Gamma(K^+\bar{K}^*(892)^0, \bar{K}^{*0} \rightarrow K^-\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$

Γ_{39}/Γ_{36}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
47.8±0.6 OUR AVERAGE			
$47.9 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, $96k \pm 369$ evts
$47.4 \pm 1.5 \pm 0.4$	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$47.8 \pm 4.6 \pm 4.0$	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

$\Gamma(f_0(980)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+K^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$

Γ_{40}/Γ_{36}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
21 ± 6 OUR AVERAGE			
Error includes scale factor of 3.5.			
$16.4 \pm 0.7 \pm 2.0$	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, $96k \pm 369$ evts
$28.2 \pm 1.9 \pm 1.8$	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
$11.0 \pm 3.5 \pm 2.6$	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

$\Gamma(f_0(1370)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+K^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$

Γ_{41}/Γ_{36}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.3±0.8 OUR AVERAGE			
Error includes scale factor of 3.9.			
$1.1 \pm 0.1 \pm 0.2$	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, $96k \pm 369$ evts
$4.3 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.5$	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts

$\Gamma(f_0(1710)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow K^+K^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{42}/Γ_{36}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.2±0.5 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 3.8.		
1.1±0.1±0.1	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, 96k±369 evts
3.4±0.5±0.3	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
3.4±2.3±3.5	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

 $\Gamma(K^+\bar{K}_0^*(1430)^0, \bar{K}_0^* \rightarrow K^-\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{43}/Γ_{36}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
3.4±0.7 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		
2.4±0.3±1.0	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	Dalitz fit, 96k±369 evts
3.9±0.5±0.5	MITCHELL 09A	CLEO	Dalitz fit, 12k evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
9.3±3.2±3.2	FRABETTI 95B	E687	Dalitz fit, 701 evts

 $\Gamma(K^+K_S^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{44}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (%)	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.52±0.09±0.20	ONYISI 13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

 $\Gamma(2K_S^0\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{45}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (%)	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.77±0.05±0.03	ONYISI 13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^+\bar{K}^0)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$ Γ_{47}/Γ_{37}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.20±0.21±0.13	CHEN 89	CLEO	e^+e^- 10 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{48}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (%)	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
6.3 ± 0.6 OUR FIT	ONYISI 13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

6.37±0.21±0.56

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

5.65±0.29±0.40 ¹ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13¹ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. $\Gamma(\phi\rho^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$ Γ_{49}/Γ_{37}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.86±0.26^{+0.29}_{-0.40}	253	AVERY	CLE2	$e^+e^- \simeq 10.5$ GeV

 $\Gamma(K_S^0K^-2\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{50}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (%)	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.68±0.10 OUR FIT	ONYISI 13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

1.69±0.07±0.08

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

1.64±0.10±0.07 ¹ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13¹ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^+ \bar{K}^*(892)^0)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$ Γ_{51}/Γ_{37}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.6±0.4±0.4	ALBRECHT	92B ARG	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.4$ GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{52}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.00±0.08 OUR FIT			
1.03±0.06±0.08	ONYISI	13 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+ K_S^0 \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{52}/Γ_{50}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.60 ±0.05 OUR FIT				
0.586±0.052±0.043	476	LINK	01C FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)$ Γ_{53}/Γ_{36}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.160±0.027 OUR AVERAGE				
0.150±0.019±0.025	240	LINK	03D FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
0.188±0.036±0.040	75	FRABETTI	97C E687	$\gamma Be, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\phi 2\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$ Γ_{54}/Γ_{37}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.269±0.027 OUR AVERAGE				
0.249±0.024±0.021	136	LINK	03D FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
0.28 ±0.06 ±0.01	40	FRABETTI	97C E687	$\gamma Be, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200$ GeV
0.58 ±0.21 ±0.10	21	FRABETTI	92 E687	γBe
0.42 ±0.13 ±0.07	19	ANJOS	88 E691	Photoproduction
1.11 ±0.37 ±0.28	62	ALBRECHT	85D ARG	$e^+ e^- 10$ GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+ K^- \rho^0 \pi^+ \text{non-}\phi)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-)$ Γ_{55}/Γ_{53}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.03	90	LINK	03D FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\phi \rho^0 \pi^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-)$ Γ_{56}/Γ_{53}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.75±0.06±0.04	LINK	03D FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\phi a_1(1260)^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-, a_1^+ \rightarrow \rho^0 \pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+ K^- \pi^+)$ Γ_{57}/Γ_{36}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.137±0.019±0.011	LINK	03D FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^- \text{nonresonant})/\Gamma(K^+ K^- 2\pi^+ \pi^-)$ Γ_{58}/Γ_{53}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.10±0.06±0.05	LINK	03D FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

 $\Gamma(2K_S^0 2\pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+)$ Γ_{59}/Γ_{50}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.051±0.015±0.015	37 ± 10	LINK	04D FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

Pionic modes $\Gamma(\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$ Γ_{60}/Γ_{34}

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<2.3	90	MENDEZ	10	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
<4.1	90	ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

 $\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{61}/Γ

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.09±0.05 OUR FIT	Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
1.11±0.04±0.04	ONYISI	13	CLEO e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$			
1.11±0.07±0.04	¹ ALEXANDER 08	CLEO	See ONYISI 13

¹ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.

 $\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$ Γ_{61}/Γ_{36}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.201±0.007 OUR FIT				
0.199±0.004±0.009	≈ 10.5k	AUBERT	090	BABR e^+e^- ≈ 10.6 GeV
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
0.265±0.041±0.031	98	FRABETTI	97D E687	γ Be ≈ 200 GeV

 $\Gamma(\rho^0\pi^+)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_{62}/Γ_{61}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.018±0.005±0.010		AUBERT	090	BABR Dalitz fit, ≈ 10.5k evts
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
not seen		LINK	04	FOCS Dalitz fit, 1475 ± 50 evts
0.058±0.023±0.037		AITALA	01A E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts
<0.073	90	FRABETTI	97D E687	γ Be ≈ 200 GeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)S\text{-wave})/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_{63}/Γ_{61}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. See also KLEMPT 08, which uses 568 $D_s^+ \rightarrow 3\pi$ decays (over 280 background events) from FNAL E791 to study various parametrizations of the decay amplitudes. The emphasis there is more on S -wave $\pi\pi$ decay products — 20 different solutions are given — than on D_s^+ fit fractions.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.833 ±0.020 OUR AVERAGE			
0.830 ± 0.009 ± 0.019	¹ AUBERT	090	BABR Dalitz fit, ≈ 10.5k evts
0.8704±0.0560±0.0438	² LINK	04	FOCS Dalitz fit, 1475 ± 50 evts

¹AUBERT 090 gives the amplitude and phase of the $\pi^+\pi^-$ S -wave in 29 $\pi^+\pi^-$ invariant-mass bins.

²LINK 04 borrows a K-matrix parametrization from ANISOVICH 03 of the full $\pi\pi$ S -wave isoscalar scattering amplitude to describe the $\pi^+\pi^-$ S -wave component of the $\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$ state. The fit fraction given above is a sum over five f_0 mesons, the $f_0(980)$, $f_0(1300)$, $f_0(1200\text{--}1600)$, $f_0(1500)$, and $f_0(1750)$. See LINK 04 for details and discussion.

$\Gamma(f_0(980)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{64}/Γ_{61}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. See above for the full $\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)_{S-wave}$ fit fraction.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.565 \pm 0.043 \pm 0.047	AITALA	01A E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts
1.074 \pm 0.140 \pm 0.043	FRABETTI	97D E687	γ Be \approx 200 GeV

$\Gamma(f_0(1370)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{65}/Γ_{61}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. See above for the full $\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)_{S-wave}$ fit fraction.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.324 \pm 0.077 \pm 0.017	AITALA	01A E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts

$\Gamma(f_0(1500)\pi^+, f_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{66}/Γ_{61}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis. See above for the full $\pi^+(\pi^+\pi^-)_{S-wave}$ fit fraction.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.274 \pm 0.114 \pm 0.019	¹ FRABETTI	97D E687	γ Be \approx 200 GeV

¹ FRABETTI 97D calls this mode $S(1475)\pi^+$, but finds the mass and width of this $S(1475)$ to be in excellent agreement with those of the $f_0(1500)$.

$\Gamma(f_2(1270)\pi^+, f_2 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{67}/Γ_{61}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.101 \pm 0.018 OUR AVERAGE			
0.101 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.011	AUBERT	090 BABR	Dalitz fit, \approx 10.5k evts
0.0974 \pm 0.0449 \pm 0.0294	LINK	04 FOCS	Dalitz fit, 1475 ± 50 evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.197 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.006	AITALA	01A E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts
0.123 \pm 0.056 \pm 0.018	FRABETTI	97D E687	γ Be \approx 200 GeV

$\Gamma(\rho(1450)^0\pi^+, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{68}/Γ_{61}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.027 \pm 0.018 OUR AVERAGE			
0.023 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.017	AUBERT	090 BABR	Dalitz fit, \approx 10.5k evts
0.0656 \pm 0.0343 \pm 0.0440	LINK	04 FOCS	Dalitz fit, 1475 ± 50 evts
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.044 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.002	AITALA	01A E791	Dalitz fit, 848 evts

$\Gamma(\pi^+ 2\pi^0)/\Gamma_{total}$

Γ_{69}/Γ

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.65 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.03	72 \pm 16	NAIK	09A CLEO	e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(2\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$ Γ_{70}/Γ_{37}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<3.3	90	ANJOS	89E E691	Photoproduction

 $\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{71}/Γ
Unseen decay modes of the η are included.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.70±0.09 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.				

1.71±0.08 OUR AVERAGE

1.67±0.08±0.06	ONYISI	13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV
1.82±0.14±0.07	0.8k	ZUPANC	13	BELL e^+e^- at $\gamma(4S), \gamma(5S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1.58±0.11±0.18	¹ ALEXANDER	08	CLEO	See ONYISI 13

¹ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.
 $\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$ Γ_{71}/Γ_{34}
Unseen decay modes of the η are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.13 ±0.07 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 1.1.				

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. **• • •**

1.236±0.043±0.063	2587 ± 89	MENDEZ	10	CLEO See ONYISI 13
-------------------	-----------	--------	----	--------------------

 $\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$ Γ_{71}/Γ_{37}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				

0.48±0.03±0.04	920	JESSOP	98	CLE2 $e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
0.54±0.09±0.06	165	ALEXANDER	92	CLE2 See JESSOP 98

 $\Gamma(\omega\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{72}/Γ
Unseen decay modes of the ω are included.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.24±0.06 OUR FIT				

0.21±0.09±0.01	6 ± 2.4	GE	09A	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV
-----------------------	---------	----	-----	---------------------------

 $\Gamma(\omega\pi^+)/\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)$ Γ_{72}/Γ_{71}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.14±0.04 OUR FIT			

0.16±0.04±0.03	BALEST	97	CLE2 $e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
-----------------------	--------	----	----------------------------------

 $\Gamma(3\pi^+2\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^- \pi^+)$ Γ_{73}/Γ_{36}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.146±0.014 OUR AVERAGE				

0.145±0.011±0.010	671	LINK	03D FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
0.158±0.042±0.031	37	FRABETTI	97C E687	$\gamma Be, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 200$ GeV

$\Gamma(\eta\rho^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Unseen decay modes of the η are included.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
8.9±0.6±0.5	328 ± 22	NAIK	09A	CLEO $\eta \rightarrow 2\gamma$

 Γ_{75}/Γ $\Gamma(\eta\rho^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
2.98±0.20±0.39	447	JESSOP	98	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $2.86 \pm 0.38 \begin{array}{l} +0.36 \\ -0.38 \end{array}$

217

AVERY

92

CLE2

See JESSOP 98

 Γ_{75}/Γ_{37} $\Gamma(\eta\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>
9.2±0.4±1.1

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

 Γ_{76}/Γ $\Gamma(\omega\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Unseen decay modes of the ω are included.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
2.78±0.65±0.25	34 ± 7.9	GE	09A	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(3\pi^+2\pi^-\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>
0.049 \begin{array}{l} +0.033 \\ -0.030 \end{array}

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
BARLAG	92C	ACCM π^- 230 GeV

 Γ_{77}/Γ $\Gamma(\omega 2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Unseen decay modes of the ω are included.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.58±0.45±0.09	29 ± 8.2	GE	09A	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 Γ_{79}/Γ $\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Unseen decay modes of the $\eta'(958)$ are included.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
3.94±0.15±0.20	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

3.77±0.25±0.30 ¹ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13¹ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit. Γ_{80}/Γ $\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+\bar{K}_S^0)$ Γ_{80}/Γ_{34} Unseen decay modes of the $\eta'(958)$ are included.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				

2.654±0.088±0.139 1436 ± 47 MENDEZ 10 CLEO See ONYISI 13

$\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$ Γ_{80}/Γ_{37}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
1.03 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.07	537	JESSOP	98	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
1.20 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.11	281	ALEXANDER	92	CLE2 See JESSOP 98
2.5 \pm 1.0 $^{+1.5}_{-0.4}$	22	ALVAREZ	91	NA14 Photoproduction
2.5 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.3	215	ALBRECHT	90D	ARG $e^+ e^- \approx 10.4$ GeV

 $\Gamma(\omega\eta\pi^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{82}/Γ Unseen decay modes of the ω and η are included.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<2.13 \times 10^{-2}$	90	GE	09A	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(\eta'(958)\rho^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{83}/Γ

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5.8 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.4	ABLIKIM	15z	BES3 482 pb^{-1} , 4009 MeV

 $\Gamma(\eta'(958)\rho^+)/\Gamma(\phi\pi^+)$ Γ_{83}/Γ_{37}

Unseen decay modes of the resonances are included.

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
2.78 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.30	137	¹ JESSOP	98	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
3.44 \pm 0.62 $^{+0.44}_{-0.46}$	68	AVERY	92	CLE2 See JESSOP 98

¹ This JESSOP 98 fraction, when combined with other η' fractions, greatly overshoots the inclusive η' fraction. See the measurement just above, which fits nicely.

 $\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{84}/Γ

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
5.6 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6	ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

 $\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+\pi^0 \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{85}/Γ

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<5.1 \times 10^{-2}$	90	ABLIKIM	15z	BES3 482 pb^{-1} , 4009 MeV

Modes with one or three K's $\Gamma(K^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$ Γ_{86}/Γ_{34}

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.2 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.2	202 ± 70	MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
5.5 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.7	141 ± 34	ADAMS	07A	CLEO See MENDEZ 10

 $\Gamma(K_S^0\pi^+)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$ Γ_{87}/Γ_{34}

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS
8.12 \pm 0.28 OUR AVERAGE	

DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
MENDEZ	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
WON	09	BELL $e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S)$
LINK	08	FOCS γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$8.2 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.2$ 206 ± 22 ADAMS 07A CLEO See MENDEZ 10

$\Gamma(K^+\eta)/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$

Γ_{88}/Γ_{34}

Unseen decay modes of the η are included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$11.8 \pm 2.2 \pm 0.6$	222 ± 41	MENDEZ	10	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+\eta)/\Gamma(\eta\pi^+)$

Γ_{88}/Γ_{71}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
---------------------------------	-------------	--------------------	-------------	----------------

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$8.9 \pm 1.5 \pm 0.4$ 113 ± 18 ADAMS 07A CLEO See MENDEZ 10

$\Gamma(K^+\omega)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{89}/Γ

Unseen decay modes of the ω are included.

<u>VALUE</u> (%)	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.24	90	GE	09A	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+\eta'(958))/\Gamma(K^+K_S^0)$

Γ_{90}/Γ_{34}

Unseen decay modes of the $\eta'(958)$ are included.

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$11.8 \pm 3.6 \pm 0.7$	56 ± 17	MENDEZ	10	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(K^+\eta'(958))/\Gamma(\eta'(958)\pi^+)$

Γ_{90}/Γ_{80}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
---------------------------------	-------------	--------------------	-------------	----------------

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$4.2 \pm 1.3 \pm 0.3$ 28 ± 9 ADAMS 07A CLEO See MENDEZ 10

$\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{91}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (%)	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.66 ± 0.04 OUR FIT			

$0.654 \pm 0.033 \pm 0.025$ ONYISI 13 CLEO e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$0.69 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.03$ ¹ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13

¹ALEXANDER 08 uses single- and double-tagged events in an overall fit.

$\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$

Γ_{91}/Γ_{36}

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.120 ± 0.007 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.1.		
$0.127 \pm 0.007 \pm 0.014$	567 ± 31	LINK	04F FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

$\Gamma(K^+\rho^0)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-)$

Γ_{92}/Γ_{91}

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$0.3883 \pm 0.0531 \pm 0.0261$	LINK	04F FOCS	Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$$\Gamma(K^+\rho(1450)^0, \rho^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-) \quad \Gamma_{93}/\Gamma_{91}$$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.1062±0.0351±0.0104	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$$\Gamma(K^*(892)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-) \quad \Gamma_{94}/\Gamma_{91}$$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.2164±0.0321±0.0114	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$$\Gamma(K^*(1410)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-) \quad \Gamma_{95}/\Gamma_{91}$$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.1882±0.0403±0.0122	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$$\Gamma(K^*(1430)^0\pi^+, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-) \quad \Gamma_{96}/\Gamma_{91}$$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.0765±0.0500±0.0170	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$$\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^- \text{ nonresonant})/\Gamma(K^+\pi^+\pi^-) \quad \Gamma_{97}/\Gamma_{91}$$

This is the “fit fraction” from the Dalitz-plot analysis.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.1588±0.0492±0.0153	LINK	04F	FOCS Dalitz fit, 567 evts

$$\Gamma(K^0\pi^+\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{98}/\Gamma$$

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.00±0.18±0.04	44 ± 8	NAIK	09A	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

$$\Gamma(K_S^0 2\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K_S^0 K^- 2\pi^+) \quad \Gamma_{99}/\Gamma_{50}$$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.18±0.04±0.05	179 ± 36	LINK	08	FOCS γA , $\bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV

$$\Gamma(K^+\omega\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{100}/\Gamma$$

Unseen decay modes of the ω are included.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>CL %</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.82	90	GE	09A	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

$$\Gamma(K^+\omega\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{101}/\Gamma$$

Unseen decay modes of the ω are included.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>CL %</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.54	90	GE	09A	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

$$\Gamma(K^+\omega\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}} \quad \Gamma_{102}/\Gamma$$

Unseen decay modes of the ω and η are included.

<u>VALUE (%)</u>	<u>CL %</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.79	90	GE	09A	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

$\Gamma(2K^+K^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$

Γ_{103}/Γ_{36}

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.0 ± 0.3 ± 0.2	748 ± 60	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$8.95 \pm 2.12^{+2.24}_{-2.31}$	31	LINK	02I FOCS	$\gamma A, \approx 180 \text{ GeV}$

$\Gamma(\phi K^+, \phi \rightarrow K^+ K^-)/\Gamma(2K^+K^-)$

$\Gamma_{104}/\Gamma_{103}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.41 ± 0.08 ± 0.03	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

Doubly Cabibbo-suppressed modes

$\Gamma(2K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(K^+K^-\pi^+)$

Γ_{105}/Γ_{36}

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2.33 ± 0.23 OUR AVERAGE				
2.3 ± 0.3 ± 0.2	356 ± 52	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$2.29 \pm 0.28 \pm 0.12$	281 ± 34	KO	09 BELL	$e^+e^- \text{ at } \gamma(4S)$
5.2 ± 1.7 ± 1.1	27 ± 9	LINK	05K FOCS	<0.78%, CL = 90%

$\Gamma(K^+K^*(892)^0, K^{*0} \rightarrow K^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(2K^+\pi^-)$

$\Gamma_{106}/\Gamma_{105}$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.47 ± 0.22 ± 0.15	DEL-AMO-SA..11G	BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

Baryon-antibaryon mode

$\Gamma(p\bar{n})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{107}/Γ

This is the only baryonic mode allowed kinematically.

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.22 ± 0.11 OUR AVERAGE				
$1.21 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.05$	193 ± 17	ABLIKIM	190BES3	$e^+e^-, E_{\text{cm}} = 4178 \text{ MeV}$
$1.30 \pm 0.36^{+0.12}_{-0.16}$	13.0 ± 3.6	ATHAR	08 CLEO	$e^+e^-, E_{\text{cm}} \approx 4170 \text{ MeV}$

Rare or forbidden modes

$\Gamma(\pi^+e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

Γ_{108}/Γ

This mode is not a useful test for a $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<13 × 10⁻⁶	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$< 2.2 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ RUBIN	10 CLEO	$e^+e^- \text{ at } 4170 \text{ MeV}$
$< 27 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV

¹This RUBIN 10 limit is for the e^+e^- mass in the continuum away from the $\phi(1020)$. See the next data block.

$\Gamma(\pi^+ \phi, \phi \rightarrow e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{109}/Γ

This is *not* a test for the $\Delta C = 1$ weak neutral current, but leads to the $\pi^+ e^+ e^-$ final state.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$(6^{+8}_{-4} \pm 1) \times 10^{-6}$	3	RUBIN	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{110}/Γ

This mode is not a useful test for a $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current because both quarks must change flavor in this decay.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 4.1 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	13AF LHCb	$p p$ at 7 TeV
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 4.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$< 2.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LINK	03F FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$< 4.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95 E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+ e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{111}/Γ

A test for the $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 3.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 5.2 \times 10^{-5}$	90	RUBIN	10	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
$< 1.6 \times 10^{-3}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{112}/Γ

A test for the $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 21 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 3.6 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LINK	03F FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$< 5.9 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95 E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{113}/Γ

A test for the $\Delta C=1$ weak neutral current. Allowed by higher-order electroweak interactions.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	90	KODAMA	95 E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ e^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{114}/Γ

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 12 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

$\Gamma(\pi^+ e^- \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{115}/Γ

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 20 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(K^+ e^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{116}/Γ

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 14 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(K^+ e^- \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{117}/Γ

A test of lepton-family-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 9.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

 $\Gamma(\pi^- 2e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{118}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 4.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	RUBIN	10 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
$< 69 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^- 2\mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{119}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 1.2 \times 10^{-7}$	90	AAIJ	13AF LHCb	$p p$ at 7 TeV
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 1.4 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$< 2.9 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LINK	03F FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180$ GeV
$< 8.2 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV
$< 4.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90	KODAMA	95 E653	π^- emulsion 600 GeV

 $\Gamma(\pi^- e^+ \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{120}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 8.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 7.3 \times 10^{-4}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^- 2e^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{121}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$< 5.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
$< 1.7 \times 10^{-5}$	90	RUBIN	10 CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
$< 63 \times 10^{-5}$	90	AITALA	99G E791	$\pi^- N$ 500 GeV

$\Gamma(K^- 2\mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{122}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
$<1.3 \times 10^{-5}$	90	LINK	03F	FOCS $\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180 \text{ GeV}$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 $<1.8 \times 10^{-4}$ $<5.9 \times 10^{-4}$

AITALA

KODAMA

99G

95

E791

E653

 $\pi^- N$

500 GeV

emulsion 600 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^- e^+ \mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{123}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<6.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90	LEES	11G	BABR $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

 $<6.8 \times 10^{-4}$

90

AITALA

99G

E791

 $\pi^- N$

500 GeV

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^- 2\mu^+)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{124}/Γ

A test of lepton-number conservation.

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	90	KODAMA	95	E653 π^- emulsion 600 GeV

 $D_s^+ - D_s^-$ CP-VIOLATING DECAY-RATE ASYMMETRIESThis is the difference between D_s^+ and D_s^- partial widths for the decay to state f , divided by the sum of the widths:

$$A_{CP}(f) = [\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow f) - \Gamma(D_s^- \rightarrow \bar{f})] / [\Gamma(D_s^+ \rightarrow f) + \Gamma(D_s^- \rightarrow \bar{f})].$$

 $A_{CP}(\mu^\pm \nu)$ in $D_s^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu, D_s^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.8±6.1	ALEXANDER 09	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV

 $A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm K_S^0$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.08±0.26 OUR AVERAGE				

$-0.05 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.24$	288k	¹ LEES	13E	BABR $e^+ e^-$ at $\gamma(4S)$
$2.6 \pm 1.5 \pm 0.6$		ONYISI	13	CLEO $e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
$0.12 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.22$		KO	10	BELL $e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

4.7 $\pm 1.8 \pm 0.9$ 4.0k MENDEZ 10 CLEO See ONYISI 134.9 $\pm 2.1 \pm 0.9$ ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See MENDEZ 10¹ LEES 13E finds that after subtracting the contribution due to $K^0 - \bar{K}^0$ mixing, the CP asymmetry is $(+0.28 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.24)\%$. $A_{CP}(K^+ K^- \pi^\pm)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^\pm$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.5±0.8±0.4	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.3 $\pm 1.1 \pm 0.8$ ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13

$A_{CP}(\phi\pi^\pm)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \phi\pi^\pm$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.38±0.26±0.08	ABAZOV 14B	D0	$p\bar{p}$ at 1.96 TeV

 $A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0\pi^0)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm K_S^0\pi^0$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-1.6±6.0±1.1	ONYISI 13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

 $A_{CP}(2K_S^0\pi^\pm)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow 2K_S^0\pi^\pm$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3.1±5.2±0.6	ONYISI 13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

 $A_{CP}(K^+K^-\pi^\pm\pi^0)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^\pm\pi^0$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.0±2.7±1.2	ONYISI 13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

-5.9±4.2±1.2 ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13

 $A_{CP}(K^\pm K_S^0\pi^+\pi^-)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm K_S^0\pi^+\pi^-$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-5.7±5.3±0.9	ONYISI 13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

 $A_{CP}(K_S^0K^\mp 2\pi^\pm)$ in $D_s^+ \rightarrow K_S^0K^\mp 2\pi^\pm$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.1±2.7±0.9	ONYISI 13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

-0.7±3.6±1.1 ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13

 $A_{CP}(\pi^+\pi^-\pi^\pm)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^\pm$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.7±3.0±0.6	ONYISI 13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

2.0±4.6±0.7 ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See ONYISI 13

 $A_{CP}(\pi^\pm\eta)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm\eta$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.1±3.0±0.8		ONYISI 13	CLEO	e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

-4.6±2.9±0.3 MENDEZ 10 CLEO See ONYISI 13

-8.2±5.2±0.8 ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See MENDEZ 10

 $A_{CP}(\pi^\pm\eta')$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm\eta'$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.9 ±0.5 OUR AVERAGE				

-0.82±0.36±0.35 AAIJ 17AF LHCb $p\bar{p}$ at 7, 8 TeV

-2.2 ±2.2 ±0.6 ONYISI 13 CLEO e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

-6.1 ±3.0 ±0.3 MENDEZ 10 CLEO See ONYISI 13

-5.5 ±3.7 ±1.2 ALEXANDER 08 CLEO See MENDEZ 10

$A_{CP}(\eta\pi^\pm\pi^0)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \eta\pi^\pm\pi^0$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.5±3.9±2.0	ONYISI	13	CLEO e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

$A_{CP}(\eta'\pi^\pm\pi^0)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow \eta'\pi^\pm\pi^0$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-0.4±7.4±1.9	ONYISI	13	CLEO e^+e^- at 4.17 GeV

$A_{CP}(K^\pm\pi^0)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm\pi^0$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
-26.6±23.8±0.9	202 ± 70	MENDEZ	10	CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

2 ± 29 ADAMS 07A CLEO See MENDEZ 10

$A_{CP}(\bar{K}^0/K^0\pi^\pm)$ in $D_s^+ \rightarrow \bar{K}^0\pi^+, D_s^- \rightarrow K^0\pi^-$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.4 ± 0.5 OUR AVERAGE				

0.38 ± 0.46 ± 0.17 121k ¹AAIJ 14BD LHCb $p p$ at 7, 8 TeV
0.3 ± 2.0 ± 0.3 14k LEES 13E BABR e^+e^- at $\Upsilon(4S)$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.61 ± 0.83 ± 0.14 26k AAIJ 13W LHCb See AAIJ 14BD

¹AAIJ 14BD reports its result as $A_{CP}(D_s^\pm \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm)$ with CP -violation effects in the $K^0 - \bar{K}^0$ system subtracted. It also measures $A_{CP}(D^\pm \rightarrow \bar{K}^0/K^0 K^\pm) + A_{CP}(D_s^\pm \rightarrow \bar{K}^0/K^0\pi^\pm) = (0.41 \pm 0.49 \pm 0.26)\%$.

$A_{CP}(K_S^0\pi^\pm)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K_S^0\pi^\pm$

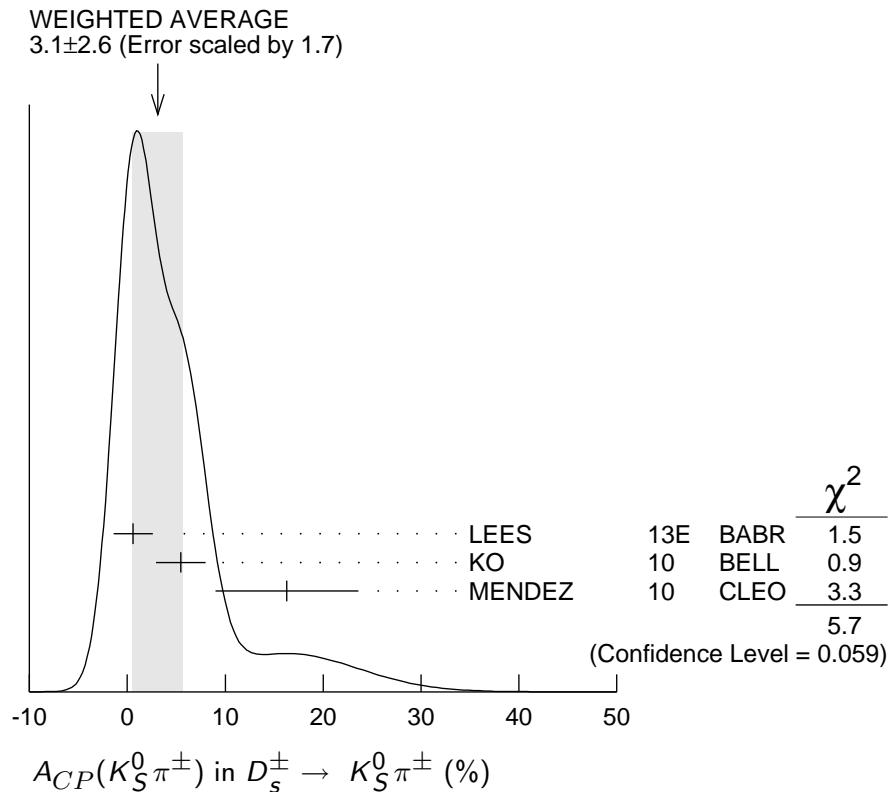
VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
3.1 ± 2.6 OUR AVERAGE				

Error includes scale factor of 1.7. See the ideogram below.

0.6 ± 2.0 ± 0.3 14k LEES 13E BABR e^+e^- at $\Upsilon(4S)$
5.45 ± 2.50 ± 0.33 KO 10 BELL $e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
16.3 ± 7.3 ± 0.3 0.4k MENDEZ 10 CLEO e^+e^- at 4170 MeV

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

27 ± 11 ADAMS 07A CLEO See MENDEZ 10



$A_{CP}(K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-) \text{ in } D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^-$

VALUE (%)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
4.5±4.8±0.6	ONYISI 13	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4.17 GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
11.2±7.0±0.9	ALEXANDER 08	CLEO	See ONYISI 13

$A_{CP}(K^\pm \eta) \text{ in } D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \eta$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
9.3±15.2±0.9	222 ± 41	MENDEZ 10	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
-20 ± 18	ADAMS 07A	CLEO	See MENDEZ 10	

$A_{CP}(K^\pm \eta'(958)) \text{ in } D_s^\pm \rightarrow K^\pm \eta'(958)$

VALUE (%)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
6.0±18.9±0.9	56 ± 17	MENDEZ 10	CLEO	$e^+ e^-$ at 4170 MeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
-17 ± 37	ADAMS 07A	CLEO	See MENDEZ 10	

***CP* VIOLATING ASYMMETRIES OF *P*-ODD (*T*-ODD) MOMENTS**

$A_{Viol}(K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp \pi^\pm)$ in $D_s^\pm \rightarrow K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp \pi^\pm$

$C_T \equiv \vec{p}_{K+} \cdot (\vec{p}_{\pi^+} \times \vec{p}_{\pi^-})$ is a parity-odd correlation of the K^+ , π^+ , and π^- momenta for the D_s^+ . $\bar{C}_T \equiv \vec{p}_{K-} \cdot (\vec{p}_{\pi^-} \times \vec{p}_{\pi^+})$ is the corresponding quantity for the D_s^- . Then
 $A_T \equiv [\Gamma(C_T > 0) - \Gamma(C_T < 0)] / [\Gamma(C_T > 0) + \Gamma(C_T < 0)]$, and
 $\bar{A}_T \equiv [\Gamma(-\bar{C}_T > 0) - \Gamma(-\bar{C}_T < 0)] / [\Gamma(-\bar{C}_T > 0) + \Gamma(-\bar{C}_T < 0)]$, and
 $A_{Viol} \equiv \frac{1}{2}(A_T - \bar{A}_T)$. C_T and \bar{C}_T are commonly referred to as *T*-odd moments, because they are odd under *T* reversal. However, the *T*-conjugate process $K_S^0 K^\pm \pi^\mp \pi^\pm \rightarrow D_s^\pm$ is not accessible, while the *P*-conjugate process is.

VALUE (units 10^{-3})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$-13.6 \pm 7.7 \pm 3.4$	$29.8 \pm 0.3k$	LEES	11E BABR	$e^+ e^- \approx \gamma(4S)$
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
$-36 \pm 67 \pm 23$	508 ± 34	LINK	05E FOCS	$\gamma A, \bar{E}_\gamma \approx 180 \text{ GeV}$

$D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$ FORM FACTORS

$r_2 \equiv A_2(0)/A_1(0)$ in $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.84 ± 0.11 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes scale factor of 2.4.			
$0.816 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.030$	$25 \pm 0.5k$	¹ AUBERT	08AN BABR	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$
$0.713 \pm 0.202 \pm 0.284$	793	LINK	04C FOCS	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$1.57 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.19$	271	AITALA	99D E791	$\phi e^+ \nu_e, \phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$1.4 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.3$	308	AVERY	94B CLE2	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$
$1.1 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.1$	90	FRABETTI	94F E687	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$2.1 \begin{array}{l} +0.6 \\ -0.5 \end{array} \pm 0.2$	19	KODAMA	93 E653	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

¹ To compare with previous measurements, this AUBERT 08AN value is from a fit that fixes the pole masses at $m_A = 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ and $m_V = 2.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$. A simultaneous fit to r_2 , r_V , r_0 (a significant *s*-wave contribution) and m_A , gives $r_2 = 0.763 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.065$.

$r_V \equiv V(0)/A_1(0)$ in $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1.80 ± 0.08 OUR AVERAGE				
$1.807 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.065$	$25 \pm 0.5k$	¹ AUBERT	08AN BABR	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$
$1.549 \pm 0.250 \pm 0.148$	793	LINK	04C FOCS	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$2.27 \pm 0.35 \pm 0.22$	271	AITALA	99D E791	$\phi e^+ \nu_e, \phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$0.9 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.3$	308	AVERY	94B CLE2	$\phi e^+ \nu_e$
$1.8 \pm 0.9 \pm 0.2$	90	FRABETTI	94F E687	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
$2.3 \begin{array}{l} +1.1 \\ -0.9 \end{array} \pm 0.4$	19	KODAMA	93 E653	$\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

¹ To compare with previous measurements, this AUBERT 08AN value is from a fit that fixes the pole masses at $m_A = 2.5 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ and $m_V = 2.1 \text{ GeV}/c^2$. A simultaneous fit to r_2 , r_V , r_0 (a significant *s*-wave contribution) and m_A , gives $r_V = 1.849 \pm 0.060 \pm 0.095$.

Γ_L/Γ_T in $D_s^+ \rightarrow \phi \ell^+ \nu_\ell$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
0.72±0.18 OUR AVERAGE				
1.0 ± 0.3 ± 0.2	308	AVERY	94B	CLE2 $\phi e^+ \nu_e$
1.0 ± 0.5 ± 0.1	90	¹ FRABETTI	94F	E687 $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$
0.54±0.21±0.10	19	¹ KODAMA	93	E653 $\phi \mu^+ \nu_\mu$

¹ FRABETTI 94F and KODAMA 93 evaluate Γ_L/Γ_T for a lepton mass of zero.

 D_s^\pm REFERENCES

ABLIKIM	19O	PR D99 031101	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BES III Collab.)
ABLIKIM	18A	PR D97 012006	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BES III Collab.)
AAIJ	17AF	PL B771 21	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
AAIJ	17AN	PRL 119 101801	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
ABLIKIM	16O	PR D94 072004	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BES III Collab.)
ABLIKIM	16T	PR D94 112003	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BES III Collab.)
ABLIKIM	15Z	PL B750 466	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BES III Collab.)
HIETALA	15	PR D92 012009	J. Hietala <i>et al.</i>	(MINN, LUTH, OXF)
LEES	15D	PR D91 019901 (errat.)	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
AAIJ	14BD	JHEP 1410 025	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
ABAZOV	14B	PRL 112 111804	V.M. Abazov <i>et al.</i>	(D0 Collab.)
AAIJ	13AF	PL B724 203	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
AAIJ	13V	JHEP 1306 065	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
AAIJ	13W	JHEP 1306 112	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
LEES	13E	PR D87 052012	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ONYISI	13	PR D88 032009	P.U.E. Onyisi <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ZUPANC	13	JHEP 1309 139	A. Zupanc <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
DEL-AMO-SA...	11G	PR D83 052001	P. del Amo Sanchez <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
LEES	11E	PR D84 031103	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
LEES	11G	PR D84 072006	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
MARTIN	11	PR D84 012005	L. Martin <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ASNER	10	PR D81 052007	D.M. Asner <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
DEL-AMO-SA...	10J	PR D82 091103	P. del Amo Sanchez <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
Also		PR D91 019901 (errat.)	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
KO	10	PRL 104 181602	B.R. Ko <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
MENDEZ	10	PR D81 052013	H. Mendez <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
RUBIN	10	PR D82 092007	P. Rubin <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALEXANDER	09	PR D79 052001	J.P. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT	09O	PR D79 032003	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
DOBBS	09	PR D79 112008	S. Dobbs <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ECKLUND	09	PR D80 052009	K.M. Ecklund <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
GE	09A	PR D80 051102	J.Y. Ge <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
KO	09	PRL 102 221802	B.R. Ko <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
MITCHELL	09A	PR D79 072008	R.E. Mitchell <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
NAIK	09A	PR D80 112004	P. Naik <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ONYISI	09	PR D79 052002	P.U.E. Onyisi <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
WON	09	PR D80 111101	E. Won <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
YELTON	09	PR D80 052007	J. Yelton <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALEXANDER	08	PRL 100 161804	J.P. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ATHAR	08	PRL 100 181802	S.B. Athar <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT	08AN	PR D78 051101	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
ECKLUND	08	PR D100 161801	K.M. Ecklund <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
KLEMPT	08	EPJ C55 39	E. Klempert, M. Matveev, A.V. Sarantsev	(BONN+)
LINK	08	PL B660 147	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
WIDHALM	08	PRL 100 241801	L. Widhalm <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ADAMS	07A	PRL 99 191805	G.S. Adams <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT	07V	PRL 98 141801	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
PEDLAR	07A	PR D76 072002	T.K. Pedlar <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
Also		PRL 99 071802	M. Artuso <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT	06N	PR D74 031103	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
HUANG	06B	PR D74 112005	G.S. Huang <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
PDG	06	JP G33 1	W.-M. Yao <i>et al.</i>	(PDG Collab.)
AUBERT	05V	PR D71 091104	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
LINK	05E	PL B622 239	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	05J	PRL 95 052003	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)

LINK	05K	PL B624	166	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	04	PL B585	200	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	04C	PL B586	183	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	04D	PL B586	191	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	04F	PL B601	10	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
ACOSTA	03D	PR D68	072004	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL CDF-II Collab.)
ANISOVICH	03	EPJ A16	229	V.V. Anisovich <i>et al.</i>	
LINK	03D	PL B561	225	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	03F	PL B572	21	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
AUBERT	02G	PR D65	091104	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
HEISTER	02I	PL B528	1	A. Heister <i>et al.</i>	(ALEPH Collab.)
LINK	02I	PL B541	227	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
LINK	02J	PL B541	243	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
ABBIENDI	01L	PL B516	236	G. Abbiendi <i>et al.</i>	(OPAL Collab.)
AITALA	01A	PRL	86 765	E.M. Aitala <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E791 Collab.)
IORI	01	PL B523	22	M. Iori <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL SELEX Collab.)
LINK	01C	PRL	87 162001	J.M. Link <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL FOCUS Collab.)
ALEXANDROV	00	PL B478	31	Y. Alexandrov <i>et al.</i>	(CERN BEATRICE Collab.)
AITALA	99	PL B445	449	E.M. Aitala <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E791 Collab.)
AITALA	99D	PL B450	294	E.M. Aitala <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E791 Collab.)
AITALA	99G	PL B462	401	E.M. Aitala <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E791 Collab.)
BONVICINI	99	PRL	82 4586	G. Bonvicini <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
CHADHA	98	PR D58	032002	M. Chada <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
JESSOP	98	PR D58	052002	C.P. Jessop <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ACCIARRI	97F	PL B396	327	M. Acciarri <i>et al.</i>	(L3 Collab.)
BALEST	97	PRL	79 1436	R. Balest <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
FRAEBETTI	97C	PL B401	131	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
FRAEBETTI	97D	PL B407	79	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
ARTUSO	96	PL B378	364	M. Artuso <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BAI	95C	PR D52	3781	J.Z. Bai <i>et al.</i>	(BES Collab.)
BRANDENB...	95	PRL	75 3804	G.W. Brandenburg <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
FRAEBETTI	95B	PL B351	591	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
KODAMA	95	PL B345	85	K. Kodama <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E653 Collab.)
ACOSTA	94	PR D49	5690	D. Acosta <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AVERY	94B	PL B337	405	P. Avery <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BROWN	94	PR D50	1884	D. Brown <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BUTLER	94	PL B324	255	F. Butler <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
FRAEBETTI	94F	PL B328	187	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
FRAEBETTI	93F	PRL	71 827	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
FRAEBETTI	93G	PL B313	253	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
KODAMA	93	PL B309	483	K. Kodama <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E653 Collab.)
ALBRECHT	92B	ZPHY	C53 361	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALEXANDER	92	PRL	68 1275	J. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AVERY	92	PRL	68 1279	P. Avery <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BARLAG	92C	ZPHY	C55 383	S. Barlag <i>et al.</i>	(ACCMOR Collab.)
Also				S. Barlag <i>et al.</i>	(ACCMOR Collab.)
FRAEBETTI	92	PL B281	167	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
ALBRECHT	91	PL B255	634	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALVAREZ	91	PL B255	639	M.P. Alvarez <i>et al.</i>	(CERN NA14/2 Collab.)
ALBRECHT	90D	PL B245	315	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ALEXANDER	90B	PRL	65 1531	J. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BARLAG	90C	ZPHY	C46 563	S. Barlag <i>et al.</i>	(ACCMOR Collab.)
FRAEBETTI	90	PL B251	639	P.L. Frabetti <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
ANJOS	89E	PL B223	267	J.C. Anjos <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E691 Collab.)
CHEN	89	PL B226	192	W.Y. Chen <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALBRECHT	88	PL B207	349	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
ANJOS	88	PRL	60 897	J.C. Anjos <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E691 Collab.)
RAAB	88	PR D37	2391	J.R. Raab <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E691 Collab.)
BECKER	87B	PL B184	277	H. Becker <i>et al.</i>	(NA11 and NA32 Collabs.)
BLAYLOCK	87	PRL	58 2171	G.T. Blaylock <i>et al.</i>	(Mark III Collab.)
USHIDA	86	PRL	56 1767	N. Ushida <i>et al.</i>	(FNAL E531 Collab.)
ALBRECHT	85D	PL	153B 343	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
DERRICK	85B	PRL	54 2568	M. Derrick <i>et al.</i>	(HRS Collab.)
AIHARA	84D	PRL	53 2465	H. Aihara <i>et al.</i>	(TPC Collab.)
ALTHOFF	84	PL	136B 130	M. Althoff <i>et al.</i>	(TASSO Collab.)
BAILEY	84	PL	139B 320	R. Bailey <i>et al.</i>	(ACCMOR Collab.)
CHEN	83C	PRL	51 634	A. Chen <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)

———— OTHER RELATED PAPERS ——

RICHMAN 95 RMP 67 893

J.D. Richman, P.R. Burchat

(UCSB, STAN)
